PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

(Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference 49260	FOR FURTHER ACTION	See Form PCT/IPEA/416		
International application No. PCT/IT2004/000669	International filing date (day/month/year) 02.12.2004	Priority date (day/month/year) 09.12.2003		
International Patent Classification (IPC) or national classification and IPC G01L17/00, G01L7/00, B60C23/00				
Applicant SISTEC S.R.L. et al.				
This report is the international prel Authority under Article 35 and tran	iminary examination report, established smitted to the applicant according to A	d by this International Preliminary Examining rticle 36.		
2. This REPORT consists of a total o	f 6 sheets, including this cover sheet.	·		
3. This report is also accompanied by	/ ANNEXES, comprising:			
a. sent to the applicant and to	the International Bureau) a total of sh	neets, as follows:		
☐ sheets of the description and/or sheets containing Administrative Instruction	g rectifications authorized by this Authorical	been amended and are the basis of this report ority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the		
□ sheets which supersed beyond the disclosure i Supplemental Box.	e earlier sheets, but which this Authorit n the international application as filed,	ty considers contain an amendment that goes as indicated in item 4 of Box No. I and the		
sequence listing and/or table	ureau only) a total of (indicate type and es related thereto, in computer readabl Listing (see Section 802 of the Adminis	number of electronic carrier(s)) , containing a le form only, as indicated in the Supplemental trative Instructions).		
4. This report contains indications rela	ating to the following items:			
Box No. I Basis of the opin	ion			
☐ Box No. II Priority				
☐ Box No. III Non-establishme	nt of opinion with regard to novelty, inv	entive step and industrial applicability		
☐ Box No. IV Lack of unity of ir	nvention			
	nent under Article 35(2) with regard to r ions and explanations supporting such			
☐ Box No. VI Certain documen				
	the international application			
凶 Box No. VIII Certain observati	ons on the international application			
Date of submission of the demand	Date of completion	on of this report		
28.06.2005	03.11.2005			
Name and mailing address of the international preliminary examining authority:	Authorized Office	er Patenten.		
European Patent Office D-80298 Munich Tel. +49 89 2399 - 0 Tx: 523650 Fax: +49 89 2399 - 4465	Neumann, F 6 epmu d Telephone No. +4	49 89 2399-		

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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No. PCT/IT2004/000669

IAP20 Rec'd PCT/PTO 09 JUN 2006

_	Box No. I Basis of the repo	rt
1.	 With regard to the language, this report is based on the international application in the language in whice filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item. 	
	which is the language of a international search (un publication of the intern	nslations from the original language into the following language, translation furnished for the purposes of: der Rules 12.3 and 23.1(b)) ational application (under Rule 12.4) v examination (under Rules 55.2 and/or 55.3)
2.	2. With regard to the elements* of the international application, this report is based on (replacement sheets w have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in the report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report):	
	Description, Pages	
	1-62	as originally filed
	Claims, Numbers	
	1-33	as originally filed
	Drawings, Sheets	
	1/39-39/39	as originally filed
	a sequence listing and/or a	ny related table(s) - see Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing
3.	The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of: ☐ the description, pages ☐ the claims, Nos. ☐ the drawings, sheets/figs ☐ the sequence listing (specify): ☐ any table(s) related to sequence listing (specify):	
4.	☐ This report has been established as if (some of) the amendments annexed to this report and listed below had not been made, since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed, as indicated in the Supplemental Box (Rule 70.2(c)). ☐ the description, pages ☐ the claims, Nos. ☐ the drawings, sheets/figs ☐ the sequence listing (specify): ☐ any table(s) related to sequence listing (specify):	
	* If item 4 applies, so	ome or all of these sheets may be marked "superseded."

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No. PCT/IT2004/000669

Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial Box No. V applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement

Novelty (N)

Yes: Claims

1-33

No:

Inventive step (IS)

Claims Yes: Claims

1-33

No: Claims

Industrial applicability (IA)

Yes: Claims

1-33

No: Claims

2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7):

see separate sheet

Box No. VIII Certain observations on the international application

The following observations on the clarity of the claims, description, and drawings or on the question whether the claims are fully supported by the description, are made:

see separate sheet

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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY (SEPARATE SHEET)

International application No.

PCT/IT2004/000669

IAP20 Rec'd PCT/PTQ 09 JUN 2006

Re Item V

Reasoned statement with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Reference is made to the following document:

D1: EP-A-0 893 284

2.1 The document D1 is regarded as being the closest prior art to the subject-matter of claim 1 and shows (the references in parentheses applying to this document):

A device for monitoring tyre pressure which comprises:

a body 4 with a thread for connecting to the valve of a tyre;

an external housing 1 which slides between first and second positions with respect to the body 4 (col. 5, lines 18-22) when an external force is applied;

a plunger incorporating a chamber 17 sealed by a deformable diaphragm 18 and a valve 22 fitted with a double closing device.

The plunger is attached to bellows which separate two chambers: one chamber is located above the plunger and the other chamber is located beneath the plunger. An external force applied to the external housing causes the diaphragm to deform downwards and plunger to be displaced downwards. This causes the tyre valve to open and air from the tyre enters the device and fills both chambers below and above the plunger. Chamber 17 sealed by the diaphragm remains sealed by the two-way valve and contains the reference pressure. When the external force is released, the diaphragm remains downwardly deformed as long as the pressure of air from the tyre is greater than the pressure in reference chamber 17. The force on the diaphragm also ensures that the plunger remains in a depressed condition maintaining the tyre valve open for continued communication between the tyre and the device.

When the pressure in the tyre drops, the diaphragm bends upwards, thus closing the two-way valve 22. The plunger also rises and thus no longer exerts a force on the tyre valve and so the tyre valve closes.

The position of the diaphragm or the plunger is monitored to assess a pressure drop in the tyre.

- 2.2 A problem with the device of D1 is that the diaphragm is only stable in two geometrical configurations and therefore requires precise tolerances in manufacture.
- 2.3 Claim 1 overcomes this problem by redesigning the interior of pressure measuring device and providing further constructional features. In particular, a manoeuvre member 21 is provided which, on the one hand cooperates with a self-closing means to open and close the entrance room when the external housing moves between its two extreme positions (this is already the case in D1, where "manoeuvre means" 2 causes opening and closing of the "entrance chamber" 26) and on the other hand, serves to close the connection between the measuring chamber (in D1 this would be chamber 20), the input from the tyre and the external environment. The interior design of the device is such that the diaphragm is capable of moving the manoeuvre member. In other words, the diaphragm and manoeuvre member cooperate such that movement of the diaphragm causes closure of the connection between the measuring chamber, the valve of the tyre and the external environment. Moreover, a spring is provided which acts on the diaphragm to counteract the pressure in the measuring chamber. This spring force causes movement of the manoeuvre means such that the closure means seals the entrance room when the pressure in the measurement chamber is lower than a threshold value.
- 2.4 This construction has the advantage that the diaphragm cooperates with a spring and thus operates on the basis of equilibrium of forces of pressure and elastic counterforces. The diaphragm is therefore easier to manufacture than the diaphragm of D1 which has a variable geometric configuration. Moreover, the elastic reactions of the springs are constant over time whereas the gaskets of D1 deform with age and cause leakage.
- 2.5 The subject matter of claim 1 of the present application is considered as involving an inventive step (Article 33(3) PCT) since none of the search report citations disclose or suggest such a construction.
- 3. Claims 2-33 are dependent on claim 1 and as such also meet the requirements of the

PCT with respect to novelty and inventive step.

Re Item VIII

Certain observations on the international application

- 1. The application does not meet the requirements of Article 6 PCT, because the claims are not clear in the following respects:
- 1.1 Claim 1 is directed to a device for surveying the pressure of fluids, yet makes no reference to any features of the actual surveying means: claim 1 is directed to the structural features of the device but omits to mention the presence of any pressure sensing features. The pressure sensor is only mentioned in claim 10 for the first time. Since independent claim 1 makes no reference to any features which enable the pressure to be detected, it does not meet the requirement following from Article 6 PCT taken in combination with Rule 6.3(b) PCT that any independent claim must contain all the technical features essential to the definition of the invention.
- 1.2 Moreover, the claim dependencies are incorrect. For example, claims 11 and 12 are dependent on claim 1 but concern features of the sensors, which are only mentioned in claim 10 for the first time. Similarly, the "electric conditions" of claim 13 are not mentioned in claim 1 on which it is dependent, but only in claim 12.